



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name FASLOC RESIN CAPSULE

Synonyms FASLOC DUO SPEED RESIN (RO/RW/RL) ● FASLOC LOW INSERTION FORCE (RL) RESIN CAPSULE ●

FASLOC OIL BASED RESIN CAPSULE (RO) ● FASLOC RESIN (RO/RW/RL) ● FASLOC RESIN CAPSULE (RO/RW/RL) ● FASLOC SINGLE SPEED RESIN (RO/RW/RL) ● FASLOC TORQ RESIN (RQ) ● FASLOC

TWO SPEED RESIN (RO/RW/RL) ● FASLOC WATER BASED RESIN CAPSULE (RW)

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses AS PER MANUFACTURER INSTRUCTIONS ● BONDING AGENT ● REINFORCEMENT

Resin anchoring grout contained within a plastic sheath used for support with rock bolts in mines & tunnels.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name ROCBOLT RESINS PTY LTD

Address 40-44 Anzac Avenue, Smeaton Grange, NSW, 2567, AUSTRALIA

Telephone 02 4647 8388

Email <u>asykes@rocboltresins.com.au</u>

Website <u>https://www.rocboltresins.com.au</u>

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency 04 3152 9183 **Emergency** 04 6721 6449

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Physical Hazards

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Toxic to Reproduction: Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

Environmental Hazards

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictograms







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Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prevention statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

Response statements

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsina.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Storage statements

None allocated.

Disposal statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

The materials contained in this product may only represent a hazard if the integrity of the packaging is compromised. If the capsule packaging is compromised (eg leaks/splits) the product may cause an allergic skin reaction, skin irritation and serious eye irritation.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
LIMESTONE (CALCIUM CARBONATE)	1317-65-3	215-279-6	>50%
POLYESTER RESIN(S)	39459-88-6	-	<30%
STYRENE	100-42-5	202-851-5	<10%
BENZOYL PEROXIDE	94-36-0	202-327-6	<1%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove person from area of exposure. Avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing

and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at

rest until fully recovered. Seek medical advice if effects persist.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

First aid facilities None allocated.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES



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5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, styrene, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Styrene may polymerise readily at elevated temperatures and may violently rupture sealed containers.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Non flammable. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases (hydrocarbons, carbon oxides, styrene) may be evolved when heated. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation and fire protection systems.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Benzoyl peroxide	SWA [AUS]		5		
Calcium carbonate (Limestone, Marble, Whiting)	SWA [AUS]		10		
Styrene, monomer	SWA [AUS]	50	213	100	426
Styrene, monomer	SWA [Proposed]	20	85	40	170

Biological limits

Ingredient	Determinant	Sampling Time	BEI
STYRENE	Mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid in urine	End of shift	400 mg/g creatinine
	Styrene in urine	End of shift	40 μg/L

Reference: ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices



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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Maintain dust / vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles or safety glasses. The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed site specific

risk assessment. This should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling

methods and environmental factors.

Hands Wear barrier gloves.

Body Wear coveralls. With prolonged use, wear coveralls.

Respiratory If determined by a risk assessment and inhalation risk exists, wear an organic vapour/particulate respirator

or an air supplied mask meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective

equipment before storage or re-use.









9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE CATALYST PREMIX SEPARATED FROM RESIN MASTIC WITH PIGMENTS AND

INERT FILLERS, ENCLOSED IN A CAPSULE FILM

Odour SLIGHT STYRENE SMELL

Flammability DOES NOT SUSTAIN COMBUSTION

NOT AVAILABLE

Flash point > 95°C (oc)

Boiling point NOT APPLICABLE

Melting point NOT APPLICABLE

Evaporation rate NOT APPLICABLE

pH NOT APPLICABLE

Vapour density NOT APPLICABLE
3.6 (Air = 1) (Styrene)

Relative density 2.0

Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** Vapour pressure **NOT APPLICABLE** Upper explosion limit **NOT APPLICABLE** Lower explosion limit **NOT APPLICABLE** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** 70,000 cPs **Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties**

9.2 Other information

Odour threshold

% Volatiles NOT APPLICABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Styrene may polymerise with violent rupture/explosion. Polymerises with evolution of heat. Avoid contact with curing agents, accelerators, and/or initiators.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

ChemAlert.

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10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), amines, halogens, sunlight, ferrous salts, heat and ignition sources. May polymerise with violent rupture/explosion.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon and styrene oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Due to the product form (enclosed), contact with contents is not anticipated with normal use. **Acute toxicity**

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
LIMESTONE (CALCIUM CARBONATE)	> 5000 mg/kg (rat)		
STYRENE	> 2000 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 402)	11.8 mg/L/4 hours (rat) (vapour)
BENZOYL PEROXIDE	5700 mg/kg (mouse)	> 1000 mg/kg (mammal)	

Due to product encapsulation, the potential for skin contact with contents is reduced. If the container is Skin

damaged, contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible burns. Effects may be

delayed.

Due to product encapsulation, the potential for eye contact with contents is reduced. If the container is Eye

damaged, direct contact may result in irritation, lacrimation and burns.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. This product is not classified as a respiratory sensitiser. Sensitisation

The overall genotoxicity of styrene cannot be excluded. Mutagenicity

Due to the product encapsulation, exposure to contents is not anticipated with normal use. Styrene is Carcinogenicity

classified as probably carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 2A).

Due to the product encapsulation, exposure to contents is not anticipated with normal use. Styrene is Reproductive

suspected of damaging the unborn child.

STOT - single

Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea, vomiting, dizziness and breathing difficulties. High level exposure may result in respiratory paralysis and unconsciousness.

exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

Due to product encapsulation, the potential for exposure to the contents is reduced. May cause damage to

organs (nasal epithelial and ear) through prolonged or repeated exposure to styrene if inhaled.

Aspiration Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

If released to the atmosphere, styrene will react rapidly with both hydroxyl radicals and ozone with a combined calculated half-life of about 5 hours. If released to environmental bodies of water, styrene will volatilise relatively rapidly and biodegrade, but is not expected to hydrolyse. If released to soil it will biodegrade and have low soil mobility.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal

For small quantities, mix with other component/s, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to

an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). Ensure protective equipment is worn when mixing. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life

may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE. IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.3 Transport hazard class	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not a Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None allocated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AlIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

EUROPE: EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on EINECS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

ORGANIC PEROXIDES: Fires involving organic peroxides can be intense and move rapidly due to product rapid decomposition with release of oxygen and may involve explosions. If spilt on combustible materials it may spontaneously ignite. A diluent is often added to organic peroxides to reduce shock sensitivity.

IARC GROUP 2B - POSSIBLE HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient which has demonstrated sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer (IARC) as possibly carcinogenic to humans and whose use should be strictly monitored and controlled.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.



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HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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